

Double ionization of the hydrogen sulfide molecule by electron impact: influence of the target orientation on the fivefold differential cross sections

H. Aouchiche¹, N. Imadouchene¹, and C. Champion²

¹*Laboratoire de Mécanique Structure et Energétique, Université Mouloud Mammeri, B.P. 17, Tizi Ouzou 15000, Algérie*

²*Centre d'Etudes Nucléaires de Bordeaux Gradignan (CENBG), CNRS/IN2P3, Université de Bordeaux, B.P. 120, 33175 Gradignan, France*

Presenting Author: nora.imady@gmail.com

A fivefold differential cross sections (5 DCSs) for electron-impact double ionization of hydrogen sulfide molecule are calculated for high incident energy (1 keV) and for three particular target orientations. The theoretical procedure is based on the first Born approximation (FBA) model using a partial wave functions development [1, 2, 3]. In this approach, the incident (scattered) electron is described by a plane wave, while a Coulomb wave function is used for modeling the two ejected electrons. Furthermore, we identify clearly the signature of the usual mechanisms involved in the $(e, 3e)$ reaction, namely, the shake-off and the two-step 1.

References

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